Business model for Food Waste Prevention and Valorisation

United against food waste

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Europatat Congress

Drivers for change

























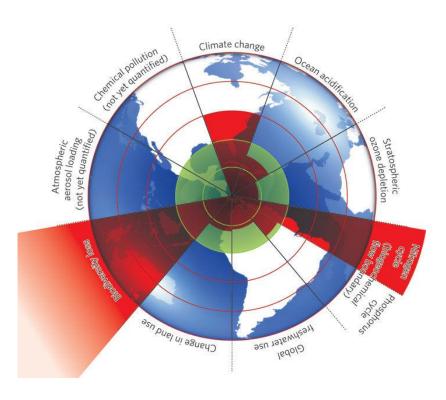
















Anti food waste movement

The Guardian

Nearly half of all fresh potatoes thrown away daily by UK households

Figures show nearly 6 million potatoes a day are wasted, at a cost of £230m a year

Nearly half of the edible fresh potatoes bought by UK householders each day are thrown away - 5.8 million of them per day, and at a "staggering" annual cost of £230m, figures show.





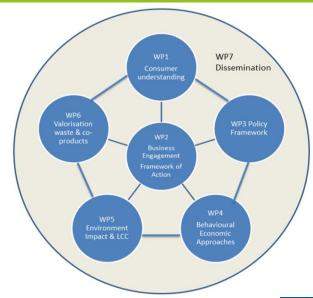




Resource Efficient Food and dRink for the Entire Supply cHain (2015 - 2019)

26 partners, 12 countries

Multi stakeholder platforms: the Netherlands, Germany, Spain, Hungary, China











The REFRESH Project

A central ambition of the REFRESH project is to develop a 'Framework for Action' model that is based on strategic agreements across all stages of the supply chain (backed by Governments), delivered through collaborative working and supported by evidence-based tools to allow targeted, cost effective interventions.









Food waste – latest estimate EU-28







amounting to an estimated

143 BILLION EUROS

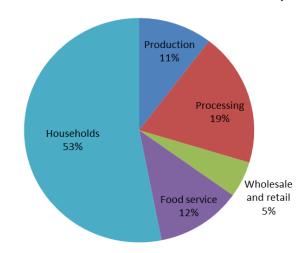


For more information on data and quantification, access the March 2016 FUSIONS reports "Estimates of European Food Waste" & "Food Waste Quantification Manual to monitor Food Waste Amounts and Progression"

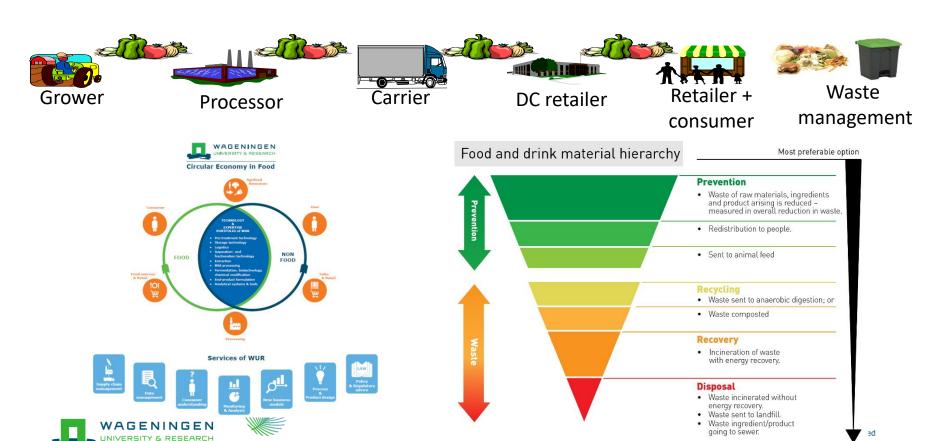




- Equivalent of 20% of all produced food in EU
- 143 billion euros
- ~ 304 Mt CO2 eq (6% of total emissions of GHG in EU28%)



Circular economy & value chains/networks



Least preferable option

The Netherlands, Cooperation with industry

- Cooperation between industry (sector organisations) and government since 2009
- Joint agenda on reduction food waste
- 2014 year against food waste







Rijksoverheid

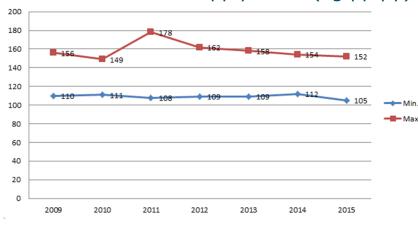






The Netherlands, time for a next step

Food waste across supply chain (kg.pp.py)



- Food waste losses on political en business agenda
- Awareness
- Lots of individual actions (research, campains, new businessmodels)
- But: no 20% reduction
- New phase







UNITED AGAINST FOOD WASTE

WHAT IS THE TASKFORCE?

Prevention and reduction of food waste is a crucial part of achieving a circular economy. All partners in the Taskforce Circular Economy in Food will collaborate and accelerate to minimize food waste, both across the food chain and by consumers, and to contribute in a transparent manner to this aim.

WHY JOIN FORCES TO COMBAT FOOD WASTE?



A third of the world's food is lost or wasted every year.¹



Food waste in Europe causes **6%** of all greenhouse gases emitted through human activity.²



Wasting less food = helping to achieve climate goals and ensuring there is enough valuable food for the growing global population.

That is equal to 105–152 KG per capita annually in the Netherlands.³

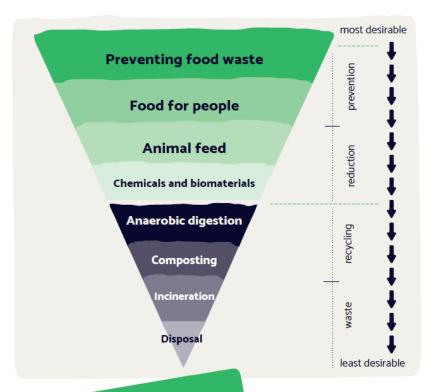
The focus of the Taskforce

The Taskforce focuses on reducing food waste throughout the entire food chain. We will accomplish this by preventing and reducing as much food waste as possible and creating value from side flows according to the "Moerman Food Use Hierarchy".

2015 - 2030 50% reduction

OUR OBJECTIVES

In a joint effort, we aim to make the Netherlands one of the first countries to cut food waste in half. We will make the Netherlands a leader and a global role model in terms of realizing Sustainable Development Goal 12.3.





1. Monitoring progress and impact: The Taskforce measures the effects of its individual and joint approach.



3. Joining forces to combat food waste by consumers:

The Taskforce aims to achieve sustainable changes in behaviour through campaigns, interventions and living labs.

The Taskforce acts in four distinct ways:



2. Joining forces to combat food waste across the food supply chain:

Taskforce members and leaders combine their strengths, networks and knowledge to develop innovative solutions.



4. Changing the rules: The Taskforce promotes the legislation and instruments needed to create a circular economy.

Join the Taskforce!

SAMENTEGENVOEDSELVERSPILLING.NL

¹FAO, Global Food Losses and Food Waste-Extent, Causes, and Prevention, 2011.

² FUSIONS, Criteria for and baseline assessment of environmental and socio-economic impacts of food waste, 2016.

3 Wageningen Food & Biobased Research, 2017, Monitor Voedselverspilling, update 2009-2015, rapport nummer 1747.

Taskforce Circular Economy in Food







National Frameworks for Action





































NVÄD

































Ecosystem for implementation & action





















Dutch Champions 12.3 event 20 Maart 2018















Food & Biobased Research

Business pilots on Surplus Food concepts



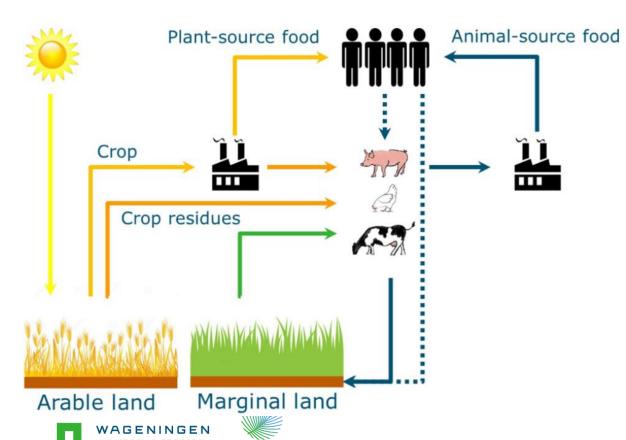


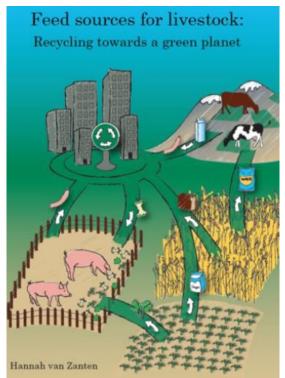


Business pilots on Surplus Food concepts



Concept of a Circular Narrative





Circular systems & novel products











New business models



















Opportunities potato sector emerging countries

- A potato farmer in Kenya currently produces 4-6 MT/ha/harvest. The losses on farm level are 8% (average; differ per county)
- The survey showed that up to 65 percent of recorded damage and loss in potatoes occurs at postharvest and is caused in particular by inappropriate harvesting tools, an insufficiently trained workforce, and lack of grading and storage
- New varieties are available with longer dormancy and better product characteristics from farmer to processor to consumer
- Potato processing is fast growing business







"business case" of FLW

1. SAVE MONEY

An analysis of 700 companies in 17 countries found that investing in food loss and waste reduction yielded a 14-fold return.

COMPANIES

Measuring waste 5

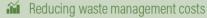
Training staff 🖵 Buying storage equipment

Changing packaging 😂









Avoiding cost of food not sold







2. FIGHT HUNGER

The world throws out **1 billion tons** of food each year while 1 in 9 people globally remain malnourished.



3. CURB CLIMATE CHANGE

Food loss and waste produces 8% of global greenhouse gas emissions; if it were its own country it would be world's third-largest emitter.



4. CONSERVE RESOURCES

It takes a China-sized amount of land to grow food that's ultimately lost or wasted.



5. IMPROVE REPUTATION

Reducing food loss and waste improves relationships with customers, vendors and other stakeholders.



6. COMPLY WITH LAWS

Government agencies and companies



7. UPHOLD ETHICS

Executives, staff and consumers increasingly recognize food loss and waste reduction as "the right thing to do."







Knowledge and Best Practice on Food Waste Prevention

refreshcoe.eu







